

Lesson 11-4

Areas of Regular Polygons and Composite Figure



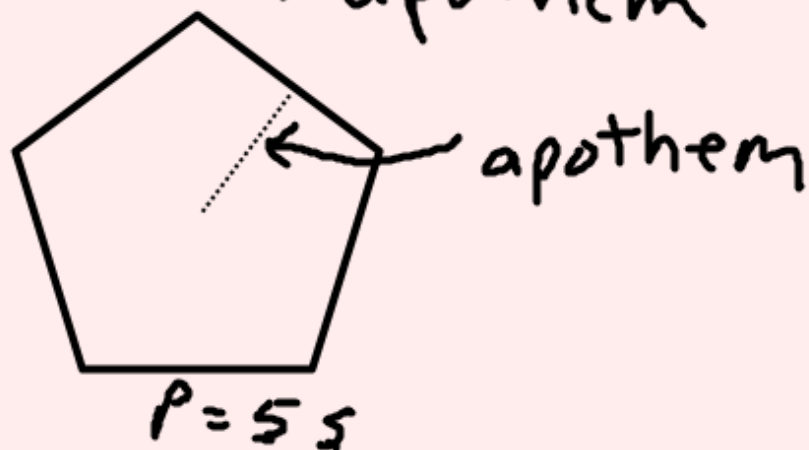
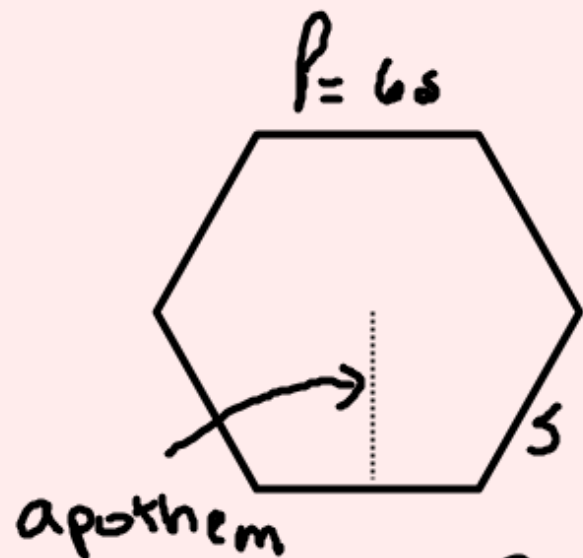
You will find the areas of regular polygons and composite figures



Area of a Regular Polygon

$$A = \frac{1}{2} a P \rightarrow \text{Perimeter}$$

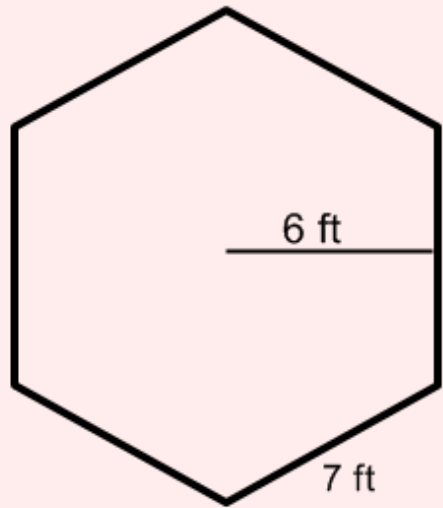
\swarrow
apothem



$$\text{Perimeter} = (\# \text{ sides})(\text{length of side})$$

Find the area of each regular hexagon. Round to the nearest tenth.

$$A = \frac{1}{2} aP$$

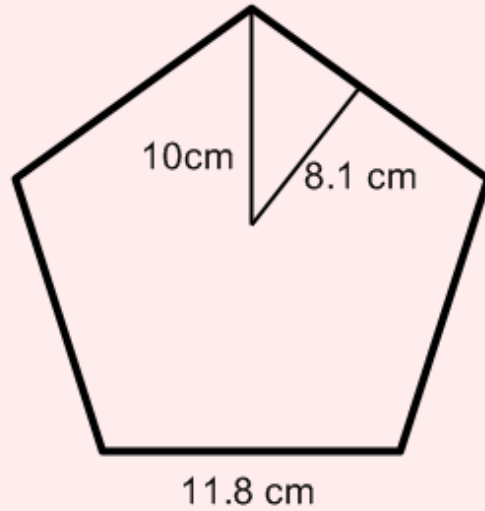


$$P = 7(6) = 42$$

↑
sides

$$A = \frac{1}{2} (6)(42)$$

$$A = 126 \text{ ft}^2$$

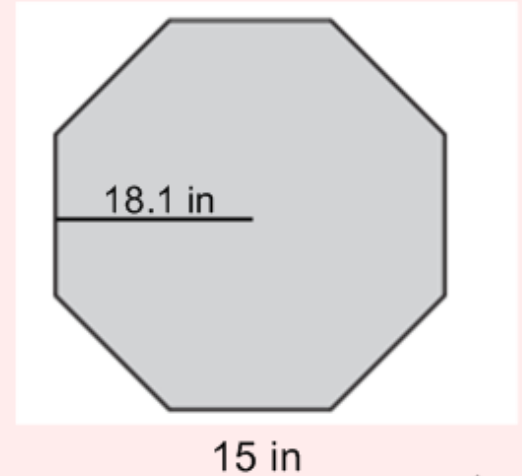


$$P = 11.8(5) = 59$$

↑
sides

$$A = \frac{1}{2} (8.1)(59)$$

$$A = 238.95 \text{ cm}^2$$



$$P = 15(8) = 90$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} (18.1)(90)$$

$$A = 814.5 \text{ in}^2$$

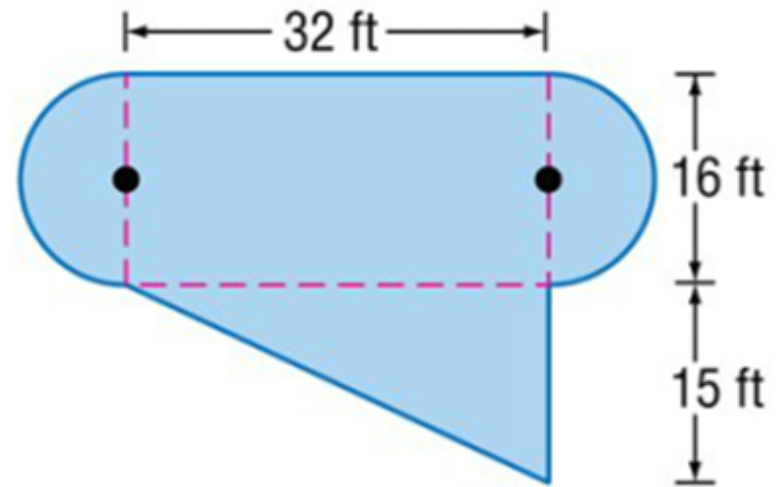
Composite figures

1) Divide the figure into parts

2) Find area of each part

3) Add or subtract to find the total area

POOL The dimensions of an irregularly shaped pool are shown. What is the area of the surface of the pool?



$$\text{Rectangle} = 32(16) = 512$$

+ +

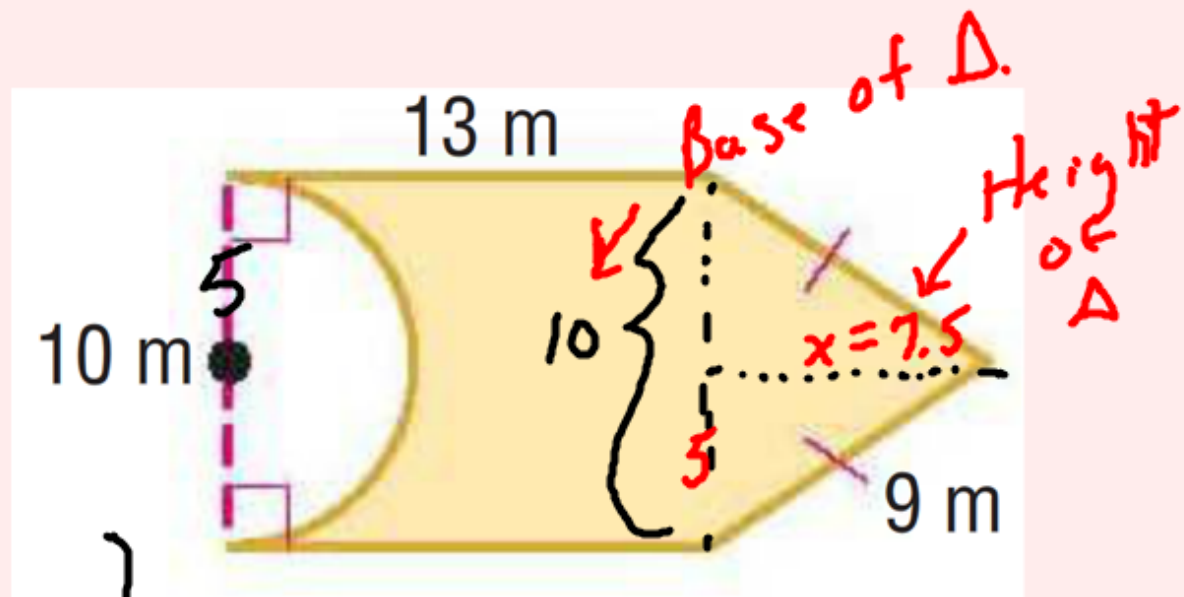
$$\text{Triangle} = \frac{1}{2}(15)(32) = 240$$

+ +

$$\text{Circle} = \pi(8^2) = 201.1$$

$$\boxed{953.06 \text{ ft}^2}$$

Find the area of the figure. Round to the nearest tenth.



Rectangle $10(13) = 130$
 +
 Triangle $= \frac{1}{2}(10)(7.5) = 37.5$

-
 Semicircle $= \frac{\pi(5^2)}{2} = 39.3$

$x^2 + 5^2 = 9^2$
 $x^2 + 25 = 81$
 $x^2 = 56$
 $x = \sqrt{56} = 7.5$

Divide by 2 since it is a semicircle

128.2 m^2